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Attorney's Docket No.: 34793-502

Amendments to the Claims:

This listing of claims replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

Listing of Claims

1. (Currently Amended) A fuel cell, comprising:

an ionization membrane having at least one area through which gas is passed, and which ionizes the gas passing therethrough; and

a membrane electrode assembly comprising:

an anode for receiving electrons generated by said ionization membrane;
a cathode for receiving the ions generated by said ionization membrane; and
a proton exchange polymer electrolyte membrane disposed between the anode and

2. (Canceled).

the cathode.

- 3. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 1 wherein the at least one area of said ionization membrane includes an opening in the membrane with electrodes that are located closer than a mean free path of molecules within the gas.
- 4. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 1 wherein the ionization membrane has one of said areas.

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5. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 1 wherein the ionization membrane has a plurality of said areas.

- 6. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 1 wherein said ionization membrane comprises: an ionizing device, comprising an insulating element having at least one opening, a first conductive electrode extending on a first surface of said insulating element at the at least one opening and a second conductive electrode extending on a second surface of the insulating element at the at least one opening, wherein said insulating element separates said first and second conductive electrodes at said at least one opening by a thickness less than the mean free path of the molecules within the gas being ionized.
- 7. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 6 wherein said first and second conductive electrodes are separated by less than 1 micron at the at least one opening.
- 8. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 7 wherein said first and second conductive electrodes are separated by less than 300 nm at the at least one opening.
- 9. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 8 wherein said first and second conductive electrodes are separated by less than 200 nm at the at least one opening.
- 10. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 9 wherein said first and second conductive electrodes are separated by approximately 50 nm at the at least one opening.

- 11. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 6 wherein the at least one opening tapers inwardly from the first surface of said insulating element to the second surface of said insulating element.
- 12. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 6 further comprising a substrate disposed between said first and second conductive electrodes for providing structural support.
- 13. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 6 wherein the at least one opening has a diameter approximately in the range of 2-3 microns.
- 14. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 6 wherein said first and second electrodes are formed of at least one of gold, chrome or titanium.
- 15. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 6 wherein said insulating element is formed of silicon nitride or alumina.
- 16. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 1 wherein ion potential is maintained positive with respect to said cathode to accelerate the ions before imprinting on said cathode.
 - 17. (Canceled).
- 18. (Previously Presented) The fuel cell of claim 1 wherein ions pass through said proton exchange membrane and generate a vacuum in a direction from said ionization device to said proton exchange membrane.

19. (Previously Presented) A method of forming a fuel cell comprising: forming a layer of dielectric material on a substrate that has a first specified thickness of a sufficient thickness to maintain structural integrity; forming a first electrode on the first surface of said dielectric material, said first electrode being formed of a metal material; forming at least one hole in said substrate; forming a second electrode on a second surface of the substrate including the at least one holes, such that at least a portion of the second electrode is on a second surface of the dielectric material; forming holes in the second electrode, dielectric material and the first electrode, which holes have side surfaces where the first and second electrodes are separated by a width of the dielectric material; and providing a membrane electrode assembly comprising: an anode for receiving generated electrons, a cathode for receiving generated ions, a proton exchange polymer electrolyte disposed between the anode and the cathode.

- 20. (Canceled).
- 21. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19 wherein said dielectric material has a thickness which is less than the mean free path of the gas molecules intended to be ionized.
- 22. (Original) The method claim 19 wherein the step of forming electrodes comprises depositing at least one of gold, chrome, or titanium.
- 23. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19 wherein the step of forming a dielectric comprises depositing silicon nitride or alumna.

- 24. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19 wherein said dielectric has a thickness less than 1 micron.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 24 wherein said dielectric has a thickness less than 500 nm.
- 26. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 25 wherein said dielectric has a thickness less than 300 nm.
- 27. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 26 wherein said dielectric has a thickness of approximately 50 nm.
- 28. (Original) The method of claim 19 further comprising the step of applying a voltage less than 15 volts between said first and second electrodes to form a field between said first and second electrodes in the range tens to hundreds of megavolts per meter.
- 29. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19 wherein said forming holes in said first and second electrode and said dielectric material comprises ion-beam milling.
- 30. (Original) The method of claim 19 wherein the at least one hole formed in said substrate forms at least one hole tapered inwardly.

- 31. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 19 wherein the holes formed in said first and second electrodes and said dielectric material are approximately 2-3 microns in diameter.
- 32. (Original) The method of claim 19 wherein said cathode is a proton exchange membrane.
- 33. (Currently Amended) A fuel cell, comprising: ionization means for ionizing gas passing therethrough having first and second conductive electrodes having a spacing less than the mean free path of molecules within the gas being ionized; anodic means for receiving electrons generated by said ionization means; cathodic means for receiving the ions generated by said ionization means; and a proton exchange polymer electrolyte membrane disposed between the anodic means and the cathodic means.
- 34. (Original) The fuel cell of claim 33 further comprising anodic means for receiving electrons generated by said ionization means.